Package: rnpn (via r-universe)

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Title Interface to the National 'Phenology' Network 'API'
Description Programmatic interface to the Web Service methods provided by the National 'Phenology' Network (https://usanpn.org/), which includes data on various life history events that occur at specific times.
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Description

rnpn-package

This package allows for easy access to the National Phenology Network's Data API. To learn more, take a look at the vignettes.

Interface to the National Phenology Network API

check_geo_service Runs a basic check to see if a valid response is returned by Geoserver and returns TRUE/FALSE

Description

Used in unit tests to determine if tests should be run

Usage

```
check_geo_service()
```

check_service 3

check_service Runs a basic check to see if a valid response is returned by the NPN
Portal service and returns TRUE/FALSE

Description

Used in unit tests to determine if tests should be run

Usage

```
check_service()
```

npn_abundance_categories

Get Abundance Categories

Description

Gets data on all abundance/intensity categories and includes a data frame of applicable abundance/intensity values for each category

Usage

```
npn_abundance_categories(...)
```

Arguments

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame listing all abundance/intensity categories and their corresponding values.

npn_datasets

Get Datasets

Description

Returns a complete list of information about all datasets integrated into the NPN dataset. Data can then be pulled for individual datasets using their unique IDs.

Usage

```
npn_datasets(...)
```

Arguments

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

data.frame of datasets and their IDs.

Examples

```
## Not run:
npn_datasets()
## End(Not run)
```

 ${\tt npn_download_geospatial}$

Download Geospatial Data

Description

Function for directly downloading any arbitrary Geospatial layer data from the NPN Geospatial web services.

Usage

```
npn_download_geospatial(
  coverage_id,
  date,
  format = "geotiff",
  output_path = NULL
)
```

Arguments

coverage_id The coverage id (machine name) of the layer for which to retrieve. Applicable

values can be found via the npn_get_layer_details() function under the 'name'

column.

date Specify the date param for the layer retrieved. This can be a calendar date for-

matted YYYY-mm-dd or it could be a string integer representing day of year. It can also be NULL in some cases. Which to use depends entirely on the layer being requested. More information available from the npn_get_layer_details()

function.

format The output format of the raster layer retrieved. Defaults to GeoTIFF.

output_path Optional value. When set, the raster will be piped to the file path specified.

When left unset, this function will return a raster object.

Details

Information about the layers can also be viewed at the getCapbilities page directly: https://geoserver.usanpn.org/geoserver/wn

Value

Raster object meeting the coverage_id, date and format parameters specified.

Examples

```
## Not run:
ras<-npn_download_geospatial("si-x:30yr_avg_six_bloom","255")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
{\tt npn\_download\_individual\_phenometrics}
```

Download Individual Phenometrics

Description

This function allows for a parameterized search of all individual phenometrics records in the USA-NPN database, returning all records as per the search parameters in a data table. Data fetched from NPN services is returned as raw JSON before being channeled into a data table. Optionally results can be directed to an output file in which case raw JSON is converted to CSV and saved to file; in that case, data is also streamed to file which allows for more easily handling of the data if the search otherwise returns more data than can be handled at once in memory.

Usage

```
npn_download_individual_phenometrics(
  request_source,
  years,
  coords = NULL,
  individual_ids = NULL,
  species_ids = NULL,
  station_ids = NULL,
  species_types = NULL,
  network_ids = NULL,
  states = NULL,
  phenophase_ids = NULL,
  functional_types = NULL,
  additional_fields = NULL,
  climate_data = FALSE,
  ip_address = NULL,
  dataset_ids = NULL,
  genus_ids = NULL,
  family_ids = NULL,
  order_ids = NULL,
  class_ids = NULL,
  pheno_class_ids = NULL,
  email = NULL,
  download_path = NULL,
  six_leaf_layer = FALSE,
  six_bloom_layer = FALSE,
  agdd_layer = NULL,
  six\_sub\_model = NULL,
  additional_layers = NULL,
 wkt = NULL
)
```

Arguments

request_source	Required field, string. Self-identify who is making requests to the data service
years	Required field, list of strings. Specify the years to include in the search, e.g. $c('2013','2014')$. You must specify at least one year.
coords	List of float values, used to specify a bounding box as a search parameter, e.g. c (lower_left_lat, lower_left_long,upper_right,lat,upper_right_long)
individual_ids	Comma-separated string of unique IDs for individual plants/animal species by which to filter the data
species_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on species, e.g. c (3, 34, 35)
station_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on site location, e.g. c (5, 9,)
species_types	List of unique species type names for searching based on species types, e.g. c ("Deciduous", "Evergreen")
network_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on partner group/network, e.g. c(500, 300,)

states List of US postal states to be used as search params, e.g. c ("AZ", "IL") phenophase_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on phenophase, e.g. c (323, 324, ...) functional_types List of unique functional type names, e.g. c ("Birds") additional_fields List of additional fields to be included in the search results, e.g. c ("Station Name", "Plant Nickname") climate_data Boolean value indicating that all climate variables should be included in additional fields. ip_address Optional field, string. IP Address of user requesting data. Used for generating data reports dataset_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on dataset, e.g. NEON or GRSM c(17,15) List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic family, e.g. c (3, 34, 35). genus_ids This parameter will take precedence if species_ids is also set. family_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic family, e.g. c (3, 34, 35). This parameter will take precedence if species_ids is also set. order_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic order, e.g. c (3, 34, 35). This parameter will take precedence if species ids or family ids are also set. class_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic class, e.g. c (3, 34, 35). This parameter will take precedence if species ids, family ids or order ids are also set. pheno_class_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on pheno class. Note that if both pheno class id and phenophase_id are provided in the same request, phenophase_id will be ignored. email Optional field, string. Email of user requesting data. download_path Optional file path to which search results should be re-directed for later use. six_leaf_layer Boolean value when set to true will attempt to resolve the date of the observation to a spring index, leafing value for the location at which the observations was taken six_bloom_layer Boolean value when set to true will attempt to resolve the date of the observation to a spring index, bloom value for the location at which the observations was taken agdd_layer numeric value, accepts 32 or 50. When set, the results will attempt to resolve the date of the observation to an AGDD value for the location; the 32 or 50 represents the base value of the AGDD value returned. All AGDD values are based on a January 1st start date of the year in which the observation was taken. Affects the results of the six layers returned. Can be used to specify one of three six_sub_model submodels used to calculate the spring index values. Thus setting this field will change the results of six_leaf_layer and six_bloom_layer. Valid values include: 'lilac', 'zabelli' and 'arnoldred'. For more information see the NPN's Spring Index Maps documentation: https://www.usanpn.org/data/spring_indices

additional_layers

Data frame with first column named 'name' and containing the names of the layer for which to retrieve data and the second column named 'param' and containing string representations of the time/elevation subset parameter to use. This variable can be used to append additional geospatial layer data fields to the results, such that the date of observation in each row will resolve to a value from the specified layers, given the location of the observation.

wkt

WKT geometry by which filter data. Specifying a valid WKT within the contiguous US will filter data based on the locations which fall within that WKT.

Details

This data type includes estimates of the dates of phenophase onsets and ends for individual plants and for animal species at a site during a user-defined time period. Each row represents a series of consecutive "yes" phenophase status records, beginning with the date of the first "yes" and ending with the date of the last "yes", submitted for a given phenophase on a given organism. Note that more than one consecutive series for an organism may be present within a single growing season or year.

Most search parameters are optional, however, users are encouraged to supply additional search parameters to get results that are easier to work with. Request_Source must be provided. This is a self-identifying string, telling the service who is asking for the data or from where the request is being made. It is recommended you provide your name or organization name. If the call to this function is acting as an intermediary for a client, then you may also optionally provide a user email and/or IP address for usage data reporting later.

Additional fields provides the ability to specify additional, non-critical fields to include in the search results. A complete list of additional fields can be found in the NPN service's companion documentation https://docs.google.com/document/d/1yNjupricKOAXn6tY1sI7-EwkcfwdGUZ7lxYv7fcPjO8/edit#heading=h.7yy4i3 Metadata on all fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/individual_phenometr

Value

Data table of all status records returned as per the search parameters. Null if output directed to file.

Examples

```
## Not run:
#Download all saguaro data for 2013 and 2014
npn_download_individual_phenometrics(
   request_source="Your Name or Org Here",
   years=c('2013','2014'),
   species_id=c(210),
   download_path="saguaro_data_2013_2014.json")
## End(Not run)
```

```
{\it npn\_download\_magnitude\_phenometrics} \\ Download\ Magnitude\ Phenometrics
```

Description

This function allows for a parameterized search of all magnitude phenometrics in the USA-NPN database, returning all records as per the search results in a data table. Data fetched from NPN services is returned as raw JSON before being channeled into a data table. Optionally results can be directed to an output file in which case raw JSON is saved to file; in that case, data is also streamed to file which allows for more easily handling of the data if the search otherwise returns more data than can be handled at once in memory.

Usage

```
npn_download_magnitude_phenometrics(
  request_source,
  years,
  period_frequency = "30",
  coords = NULL,
  species_ids = NULL,
  genus_ids = NULL,
  family_ids = NULL,
  order_ids = NULL,
  class_ids = NULL,
  pheno_class_ids = NULL,
  station_ids = NULL,
  species_types = NULL,
  network_ids = NULL,
  states = NULL,
  phenophase_ids = NULL,
  functional_types = NULL,
  additional_fields = NULL,
  climate_data = FALSE,
  ip_address = NULL,
  dataset_ids = NULL,
  email = NULL,
  download_path = NULL,
  taxonomy_aggregate = NULL,
  pheno_class_aggregate = NULL,
 wkt = NULL
)
```

Arguments

request_source Required field, string. Self-identify who is making requests to the data service

Required field, list of strings. Specify the years to include in the search, e.g. years c('2013','2014'). You must specify at least one year. period_frequency Required field, integer. The integer value specifies the number of days by which to delineate the period of time specified by the start date and end date, i.e. a value of 7 will delineate the period of time weekly. Any remainder days are grouped into the final delineation. This parameter, while typically an int, also allows for a "special" string value, "months" to be passed in. Specifying this parameter as "months" will delineate the period of time by the calendar months regardless of how many days are in each month. Defaults to 30 if omitted. List of float values, used to specify a bounding box as a search parameter, e.g. c coords (lower_left_lat, lower_left_long,upper_right,lat,upper_right_long) List of unique IDs for searching based on species, e.g. c (3, 34, 35) species_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic family, e.g. c (3, 34, 35). genus_ids This parameter will take precedence if species_ids is also set. List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic family, e.g. c (3, 34, 35). family_ids This parameter will take precedence if species_ids is also set. List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic order, e.g. c (3, 34, 35). order_ids This parameter will take precedence if species_ids or family_ids are also set. class_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic class, e.g. c (3, 34, 35). This parameter will take precedence if species_ids, family_ids or order_ids are also set. pheno_class_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on pheno class id, e.g. c (1, 5, 13) station_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on site location, e.g. c (5, 9, ...) species_types List of unique species type names for searching based on species types, e.g. c ("Deciduous", "Evergreen") List of unique IDs for searching based on partner group/network, e.g. (500, network_ids states List of US postal states to be used as search params, e.g. c ("AZ", "IL") phenophase_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on phenophase, e.g. c (323, 324, ...) functional_types List of unique functional type names, e.g. c ("Birds") additional_fields List of additional fields to be included in the search results, e.g. ("Station Name", "Plant Nickname") Boolean value indicating that all climate variables should be included in addiclimate_data tional fields ip address Optional field, string. IP Address of user requesting data. Used for generating data reports dataset ids List of unique IDs for searching based on dataset, e.g. NEON or GRSM c(17,15)email Optional field, string. Email of user requesting data. download_path Optional file path to which search results should be re-directed for later use.

taxonomy_aggregate

Boolean value indicating whether to aggregate data by a taxonomic order higher than species. This will be based on the values set in family_ids, order_ids, or class_ids. If one of those three fields are not set, then this value is ignored.

pheno_class_aggregate

Boolean value indicating whether to aggregate data by the pheno class ids as per the pheno_class_ids parameter. If the pheno_class_ids value is not set, then this parameter is ignored. This can be used in conjunction with taxonomy_aggregate and higher taxonomic level data filtering.

wkt

WKT geometry by which filter data. Specifying a valid WKT within the contiguous US will filter data based on the locations which fall within that WKT.

Details

This data type includes various measures of the extent to which a phenophase for a plant or animal species is expressed across multiple individuals and sites over a user-selected set of time intervals. Each row provides up to eight calculated measures summarized weekly, bi-weekly, monthly or over a custom time interval. These measures include approaches to evaluate the shape of an annual activity curve, including the total number of "yes" records and the proportion of "yes" records relative to the total number of status records over the course of a calendar year for a region of interest. They also include several approaches for standardizing animal abundances by observer effort over time and space (e.g. mean active bird individuals per hour). See the Metadata window for more information.

Most search parameters are optional, however, failing to provide even a single search parameter will return all results in the database. Request_Source must be provided. This is a self-identifying string, telling the service who is asking for the data or from where the request is being made. It is recommended you provide your name or organization name. If the call to this function is acting as an intermediary for a client, then you may also optionally provide a user email and/or IP address for usage data reporting later.

Additional fields provides the ability to specify more, non-critical fields to include in the search results. A complete list of additional fields can be found in the NPN service's companion documentation https://docs.google.com/document/d/1yNjupricKOAXn6tY1sI7-EwkcfwdGUZ7lxYv7fcPjO8/edit#heading=h.df3zspopMetadata on all fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields to include in the search results. A complete list of additional fields can be found in the NPN service's companion documentation https://docs.google.com/document/d/1yNjupricKOAXn6tY1sI7-EwkcfwdGUZ7lxYv7fcPjO8/edit#heading=h.df3zspopMetadata on all fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/magnitude_phenometrical-fields can be found in t

Value

Data table of all status records returned as per the search parameters. Null if output directed to file.

Examples

```
## Not run:
#Download book all saguaro data for 2013
npn_download_magnitude_phenometrics(
  request_source="Your Name or Org Here",
  years=c(2013),
  species_id=c(210),
  download_path="saguaro_data_2013.json"
)
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

Description

This function allows for a parameterized search of all site phenometrics records in the USA-NPN database, returning all records as per the search parameters in a data table. Data fetched from NPN services is returned as raw JSON before being channeled into a data table. Optionally results can be directed to an output file in which case raw JSON is converted to CSV and saved to file; in that case, data is also streamed to file which allows for more easily handling of the data if the search otherwise returns more data than can be handled at once in memory.

Usage

```
npn_download_site_phenometrics(
  request_source,
  years,
  num_days_quality_filter = "30",
  coords = NULL,
  species_ids = NULL,
  genus_ids = NULL,
  family_ids = NULL,
  order_ids = NULL,
  class_ids = NULL,
  pheno_class_ids = NULL,
  station_ids = NULL,
  species_types = NULL,
  network_ids = NULL,
  states = NULL,
  phenophase_ids = NULL,
  functional_types = NULL,
  additional_fields = NULL,
  climate_data = FALSE,
  ip_address = NULL,
  dataset_ids = NULL,
  email = NULL,
  download_path = NULL,
  six_leaf_layer = FALSE,
  six_bloom_layer = FALSE,
  agdd_layer = NULL,
  six\_sub\_model = NULL,
  additional_layers = NULL,
  taxonomy_aggregate = NULL,
  pheno_class_aggregate = NULL,
```

```
wkt = NULL
)
```

Arguments

request_source	Required field, string. Self-identify who is making requests to the data service
years	Required field, list of strings. Specify the years to include in the search, e.g. $c(2013,2014)$. You must specify at least one year.
num_days_qualit	y_filter
	Required field, defaults to 30. The integer value sets the upper limit on the number of days difference between the first Y value and the previous N value for each individual to be included in the data aggregation.
coords	List of float values, used to specify a bounding box as a search parameter, e.g. c (lower_left_lat, lower_left_long,upper_right,lat,upper_right_long)
species_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on species, e.g. c (3, 34, 35)
genus_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic family, e.g. $c\ (3,34,35)$. This parameter will take precedence if species_ids is also set.
family_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic family, e.g. $c\ (\ 3,\ 34,\ 35\)$. This parameter will take precedence if species_ids is also set.
order_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic order, e.g. c (3 , 34 , 35) . This parameter will take precedence if species_ids or family_ids are also set.
class_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic class, e.g. $c \ (3, 34, 35)$. This parameter will take precedence if species_ids, family_ids or order_ids are also set.
pheno_class_ids	
	List of unique IDs for searching based on pheno class id, e.g. c (1, 5, 13)
station_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on site location, e.g. c ($5, 9, \dots$)
species_types	List of unique species type names for searching based on species types, e.g. c ("Deciduous", "Evergreen") $$
network_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on partner group/network, e.g. ($500,300,\dots$)
states	List of US postal states to be used as search params, e.g. c ("AZ", "IL")
phenophase_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on phenophase, e.g. c (323, 324,)
functional_type	
	List of unique functional type names, e.g. c ("Birds")
additional_fiel	
	List of additional fields to be included in the search results, e.g. ("Station_Name", "Plant_Nickname")
climate_data	Boolean value indicating that all climate variables should be included in additional_fields
ip_address	Optional field, string. IP Address of user requesting data. Used for generating data reports
dataset_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on dataset, e.g. NEON or GRSM $c(17,15)$
	num_days_qualit coords species_ids genus_ids family_ids order_ids class_ids pheno_class_ids station_ids species_types network_ids states phenophase_ids functional_type additional_fiel climate_data ip_address

email Optional field, string. Email of user requesting data.

download_path Optional file path to which search results should be re-directed for later use.

six_leaf_layer Boolean value when set to true will attempt to resolve the date of the observation

to a spring index, leafing value for the location at which the observations was

taken

six_bloom_layer

Boolean value when set to true will attempt to resolve the date of the observation to a spring index, bloom value for the location at which the observations was

taken

agdd_layer numeric value, accepts 32 or 50. When set, the results will attempt to resolve the date of the observation to an AGDD value for the location; the 32 or 50

represents the base value of the AGDD value returned. All AGDD values are

based on a January 1st start date of the year in which the observation was taken.

Affects the results of the six layers returned. Can be used to specify one of three submodels used to calculate the spring index values. Thus setting this field will change the results of six_leaf_layer and six_bloom_layer. Valid values include: 'lilac','zabelli' and 'arnoldred'. For more information see the NPN's Spring

Index Maps documentation: https://www.usanpn.org/data/spring_indices

additional_layers

six_sub_model

Data frame with first column named 'name' and containing the names of the layer for which to retrieve data and the second column named 'param' and containing string representations of the time/elevation subset parameter to use. This variable can be used to append additional geospatial layer data fields to the results, such that the date of observation in each row will resolve to a value from the specified layers, given the location of the observation.

taxonomy_aggregate

Boolean value indicating whether to aggregate data by a taxonomic order higher than species. This will be based on the values set in family_ids, order_ids, or class_ids. If one of those three fields are not set, then this value is ignored.

pheno_class_aggregate

Boolean value indicating whether to aggregate data by the pheno class ids as per the pheno_class_ids parameter. If the pheno_class_ids value is not set, then this parameter is ignored. This can be used in conjunction with taxonomy_aggregate

and higher taxonomic level data filtering.

WKT geometry by which filter data. Specifying a valid WKT within the contiguous US will filter data based on the locations which fall within that WKT.

Details

This data type includes estimates of the overall onset and end of phenophase activity for plant and animal species at a site over a user-defined time period. Each row provides the first and last occurrences of a given phenophase on a given species, beginning with the date of the first observed "yes" phenophase status record and ending with the date of the last observed "yes" record of the user-defined time period. For plant species where multiple individuals are monitored at the site, the date provided for "first yes" is the mean of the first "yes" records for each individual plant at the site, and the date for "last yes" is the mean of the last "yes" records. Note that a phenophase may

wkt

have ended and restarted during the overall period of its activity at the site. These more fine-scale patterns can be explored in the individual phenometrics data.

Most search parameters are optional, however, users are encouraged to supply additional search parameters to get results that are easier to work with. Request_Source must be provided. This is a self-identifying string, telling the service who is asking for the data or from where the request is being made. It is recommended you provide your name or organization name. If the call to this function is acting as an intermediary for a client, then you may also optionally provide a user email and/or IP address for usage data reporting later.

Additional fields provides the ability to specify additional, non-critical fields to include in the search results. A complete list of additional fields can be found in the NPN service's companion documentation https://docs.google.com/document/d/1yNjupricKOAXn6tY1sI7-EwkcfwdGUZ7lxYv7fcPjO8/edit#heading=h.ueaexz Metadata on all fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/site_phenometrics_data

Value

Data table of all status records returned as per the search parameters. Null if output directed to file.

Examples

```
## Not run:
#Download all saguaro data for 2013 and 2014
npn_download_site_phenometrics(
  request_source="Your Name or Org Here",
  years=c('2013','2014'),
  species_id=c(210),
  download_path="saguaro_data_2013_2014.json")
## End(Not run)
```

npn_download_status_data

Download Status and Intensity Records

Description

This function allows for a parameterized search of all status records in the USA-NPN database, returning all records as per the search parameters in a data table. Data fetched from NPN services is returned as raw JSON before being channeled into a data table. Optionally results can be directed to an output file in which case the raw JSON is converted to CSV and saved to file; in that case, data is also streamed to file which allows for more easily handling of the data if the search otherwise returns more data than can be handled at once in memory.

Usage

```
npn_download_status_data(
  request_source,
 years,
  coords = NULL,
  species_ids = NULL,
  genus_ids = NULL,
  family_ids = NULL,
 order_ids = NULL,
  class_ids = NULL,
  station_ids = NULL,
  species_types = NULL,
  network_ids = NULL,
  states = NULL,
  phenophase_ids = NULL,
  functional_types = NULL,
  additional_fields = NULL,
  climate_data = FALSE,
  ip_address = NULL,
  dataset_ids = NULL,
  email = NULL,
  download_path = NULL,
  six_leaf_layer = FALSE,
  six_bloom_layer = FALSE,
  agdd_layer = NULL,
  six\_sub\_model = NULL,
  additional_layers = NULL,
 pheno_class_ids = NULL,
 wkt = NULL
)
```

Arguments

request_source	Required field, string. Self-identify who is making requests to the data service	
years	Required field, list of strings. Specify the years to include in the search, e.g c('2013','2014'). You must specify at least one year.	
coords	List of float values, used to specify a bounding box as a search parameter, e.g. c (lower_left_lat, lower_left_long,upper_right,lat,upper_right_long)	
species_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on species, e.g. c (3, 34, 35)	
genus_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic family, e.g. $c\ (3, 34, 35)$ This parameter will take precedence if species_ids is also set.	
family_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic family, e.g. c ($3,34,35$) . This parameter will take precedence if species_ids is also set.	
order_ids	List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic order, e.g. $c\ (3,34,35)$. This parameter will take precedence if species_ids or family_ids are also set.	

class_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on taxonomic class, e.g. c (3, 34, 35).

This parameter will take precedence if species_ids, family_ids or order_ids are

also set.

station_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on site location, e.g. c (5, 9, ...)

species_types List of unique species type names for searching based on species types, e.g. c (

"Deciduous", "Evergreen")

network_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on partner group/network, e.g. (500,

300, ...)

states List of US postal states to be used as search params, e.g. c ("AZ", "IL")

phenophase_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on phenophase, e.g. c (323, 324, ...)

functional_types

List of unique functional type names, e.g. c ("Birds")

additional_fields

List of additional fields to be included in the search results, e.g. c("Station_Name",

"Plant_Nickname")

climate_data Boolean value indicating that all climate variables should be included in addi-

tional fields

ip_address Optional field, string. IP Address of user requesting data. Used for generating

data reports

dataset_ids List of unique IDs for searching based on dataset, e.g. NEON or GRSM c(17,15)

email Optional field, string. Email of user requesting data.

download_path Optional file path to which search results should be re-directed for later use.

six_leaf_layer Boolean value when set to true will attempt to resolve the date of the observation

to a spring index, leafing value for the location at which the observations was

taken

six_bloom_layer

Boolean value when set to true will attempt to resolve the date of the observation to a spring index, bloom value for the location at which the observations was

taken

agdd_layer numeric value, accepts 32 or 50. When set, the results will attempt to resolve

the date of the observation to an AGDD value for the location; the 32 or 50 represents the base value of the AGDD value returned. All AGDD values are based on a January 1st start date of the year in which the observation was taken.

six_sub_model Affects the results of the six layers returned. Can be used to specify one of three

submodels used to calculate the spring index values. Thus setting this field will change the results of six_leaf_layer and six_bloom_layer. Valid values include: 'lilac','zabelli' and 'arnoldred'. For more information see the NPN's Spring

Index Maps documentation: https://www.usanpn.org/data/spring indices

additional_layers

Data frame with first column named 'name' and containing the names of the layer for which to retrieve data and the second column named 'param' and containing string representations of the time/elevation subset parameter to use. This variable can be used to append additional geospatial layer data fields to the results, such that the date of observation in each row will resolve to a value from the specified layers, given the location of the observation.

pheno_class_ids

List of unique IDs for searching based on pheno class. Note that if both pheno_class_id and phenophase_id are provided in the same request, phenophase_id will be ignored.

wkt

WKT geometry by which filter data. Specifying a valid WKT within the contiguous US will filter data based on the locations which fall within that WKT.

Details

Most search parameters are optional, however, users are encouraged to supply additional search parameters to get results that are easier to work with. Request_Source must be provided. This is a self-identifying string, telling the service who is asking for the data or from where the request is being made. It is recommended you provide your name or organization name. If the call to this function is acting as an intermediary for a client, then you may also optionally provide a user email and/or IP address for usage data reporting later.

Additional fields provides the ability to specify more, non-critical fields to include in the search results. A complete list of additional fields can be found in the NPN service's companion documentation https://docs.google.com/document/d/1yNjupricKOAXn6tY1sI7-EwkcfwdGUZ7lxYv7fcPjO8/edit#heading=h.w0nctgetMetadata on all fields can be found in the following Excel sheet: http://www.usanpn.org/files/metadata/status_intensity_datafi

Value

Data table of all status records returned as per the search parameters. Null if output directed to file.

Examples

```
## Not run:
#Download all saguaro data for 2016
npn_download_status_data(
   request_source="Your Name or Org Here",
   years=c(2016),
   species_id=c(210),
   download_path="saguaro_data_2016.json"
)
## End(Not run)
```

```
npn_get_agdd_point_data

Get AGDD Point Value
```

Description

This function is for requesting AGDD point values. Because the NPN has a separate data service that can provide AGDD values which is more accurate than Geoserver this function is ideal when requested AGDD point values.

Usage

```
npn_get_agdd_point_data(layer, lat, long, date, store_data = TRUE)
```

Arguments

layer The name of the queried layer.

1at The latitude of the queried point.

1ong The longitude of the queried point.

date The queried date.

store_data Boolean value. If set TRUE then the value retrieved will be stored in a global

variable named point_values for later use

Details

As this function only works for AGDD point values, if it's necessary to retrieve point values for other layers please try the npn_get_point_data function.

Value

Returns a numeric value of the AGDD value at the specified lat/long/date. If no value can be retrieved, then -9999 is returned.

```
npn_get_custom_agdd_raster

Get Custom AGDD Raster Map
```

Description

This function takes a series of variables used in calculating AGDD and returns a raster of the continental USA with each pixel representing the calculated AGDD value based on start and end date. This function leverages the USA-NPN geo web services.

Usage

```
npn_get_custom_agdd_raster(
  method,
  climate_data_source,
  temp_unit,
  start_date,
  end_date,
  base_temp,
  upper_threshold = NULL
)
```

Arguments

method Takes "simple" or "double-sine" as input. This is the AGDD calculation method

to use for each data point. Simple refers to simple averaging.

climate_data_source

Specified the climate data set to use. Takes either "PRISM" or "NCEP" as input.

temp_unit The unit of temperature to use in the calculation. Takes either "Fahrenheit" or

"Celsius" as input.

start_date Date at which to begin the AGDD calculations.

end_date Date at which to end the AGDD calculations.

base_temp This is the lowest temperature for each day for it to be considered in the calcu-

lation.

upper_threshold

This parameter is only applicable for the double-sine method. This sets the highest temperature to be considered in any given day's AGDD calculation.

Value

A raster object of each calculated AGDD numeric values based on specified time period/method/base temp/data source.

Description

This function takes a series of variables used in calculating AGDD and returns an AGDD time series, based on start and end date, for a given location in the continental US. This function leverages the USA-NPN geo web services

Usage

```
npn_get_custom_agdd_time_series(
  method,
  start_date,
  end_date,
  base_temp,
  climate_data_source,
  temp_unit,
  lat,
  long,
  upper_threshold = NULL
)
```

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Arguments

method Takes "simple" or "double-sine" as input. This is the AGDD calculation method

to use for each data point. Simple refers to simple averaging.

start_date Date at which to begin the AGDD calculations end_date Date at which to end the AGDD calculations

base_temp This is the lowest temperature for each day for it to be considered in the calcu-

lation.

climate_data_source

Specified the climate data set to use. Takes either "PRISM" or "NCEP" as input.

temp_unit The unit of temperature to use in the calculation. Takes either "Fahrenheit" or

"Celsius" as input.

The latitude of the location for which to calculate the time series

The longitude of the location for which to calculate the time series

upper_threshold

This parameter is only applicable for the double-sine method. This sets the highest temperature to be considered in any given day's AGDD calculation

Value

A data frame containing the numeric AGDD values for each day for the specified time period/location/method/base temp/data source.

Description

This function will return information about the various data layers available via the NPN's geospatial web services. Specifically, this function will query the NPN's GetCapabilities endpoint and parse the information on that page about the layers. For each layer, this function will retrieve the layer name (as to be specified elsewhere programmatically), the title (human readable), the abstract, which describes the data in the layer, the dimension name and dimension range for specifying specific date values from the layer.

Usage

```
npn_get_layer_details()
```

Details

Information about the layers can also be viewed at the getCapbilities page directly: https://geoserver.usanpn.org/geoserver/wn

Value

Data frame containing all layer details as specified in function description.

Examples

```
## Not run:
layers <- npn_get_layer_details()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
npn_get_phenophases_for_taxon

Get Phenophases for Taxon
```

Description

This function gets a list of phenophases that are applicable for a provided taxonomic grouping, e.g. family, order. Note that since a higher taxonomic order will aggregate individual species not every phenophase returned through this function will be applicable for every species belonging to that taxonomic group.

Usage

```
npn_get_phenophases_for_taxon(
  family_ids = NULL,
  order_ids = NULL,
  class_ids = NULL,
  genus_ids = NULL,
  date = NULL,
  return_all = 0,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

family_ids	List of taxonomic family ids to search for.
order_ids	List of taxonomic order ids to search for.
class_ids	List of taxonomic class ids to search for
genus_ids	List of taxonomic genus ids to search for
date	Specify the date of interest. For this function to return anything, either this value must be set of return_all must be 1.
return_all	Takes either 0 or 1 as input and defaults to 0. For this function to return anything, either this value must be set to 1 or date must be set.
	Curl options passed on to GET

npn_get_point_data 23

Details

It's also important to note that phenophase definitions can change for individual species over time, so there's a need to specify either a date of interest, or to explicitly state that the function should return all phenophases that were ever applicable for any species belonging to the specified taxonomic group.

When called, this function requires of these three parameters, exactly one of family_ids, order_ids or class_ids to be set.

Value

A data frame listing phenophases in the NPN database for the specified taxon and date.

npn_get_point_data Get Point Data Value

Description

This function can get point data about any of the NPN geospatial layers.

Usage

```
npn_get_point_data(layer, lat, long, date, store_data = TRUE)
```

Arguments

layer	The coverage id (machine name) of the layer for which to retrieve. Applicable values can be found via the npn_get_layer_details() function under the 'name' column.
lat	The latitude of the point.
long	The longitude of the point.
date	The date for which to get a value.
store_data	Boolean value. If set TRUE then the value retrieved will be stored in a global variable named point_values for later use.

Details

Please note that this function pulls this from the NPN's WCS service so the data may not be totally precise. If you need precise AGDD values try using the npn_get_agdd_point_data function.

Value

Returns a numeric value for any NPN geospatial data layer at the specified lat/long/date. If no value can be retrieved, then -9999 is returned.

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ngn	groups

Get Partner Groups

Description

Returns a list of all groups participating in the NPN's data collection program. These details can be used to further filter other service endpoints' results.

Usage

```
npn_groups(use_hierarchy = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

use_hierarchy Boolean indicating whether or not the list of networks should be represented in a hierarchy. Defaults to FALSE.

.. Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame of partner groups, including ID and name.

npn_lookup_names

Species Name Lookup

Description

Look up species IDs by taxonomic or common name

Usage

```
npn_lookup_names(name, type = "genus", fuzzy = FALSE)
```

Arguments

name A scientific or common name

type One of common_name, genus, or species

fuzzy One of TRUE or FALSE, if FALSE, uses fuzzy search via agrep, if FALSE, uses

grep.

Value

A data frame with species ID numbers based on the name and type parameters.

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Examples

```
## Not run:
npn_lookup_names(name='Pinus', type='genus')
npn_lookup_names(name='pine', type='common_name')
npn_lookup_names(name='bird', type='common_name', fuzzy=TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

npn_phenophases

Get Phenophases

Description

Retrieves a complete list of all phenophases in the NPN database.

Usage

```
npn_phenophases(...)
```

Arguments

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame listing all phenophases available in the NPN database.

```
npn_phenophases_by_species

Get Phenophase for Species
```

Description

Retrieves the phenophases applicable to species for a given date. It's important to specify a date since protocols/phenophases for any given species can change from year to year.

Usage

```
npn_phenophases_by_species(species_ids, date, ...)
```

Arguments

species_ids List of species_ids for which to get phenophase information.

date The applicable date for which to retrieve phenophases for the given species.

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame listing phenophases in the NPN database for the specified species and date.

```
npn_phenophase_definitions
```

Get Phenophase Definitions

Description

Retrieves a complete list of all phenophase definitions.

Usage

```
npn_phenophase_definitions(...)
```

Arguments

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame listing all phenophases in the NPN database and their definitions.

```
npn_phenophase_details
```

Get Phenophase Details

Description

Retrieves additional details for select phenophases, including full list of applicable phenophase definition IDs and phenophase revision notes over time

Usage

```
npn_phenophase_details(ids = list(), ...)
```

Arguments

ids Takes a list of phenophase ids for which to retrieve additional details.

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame listing phenophases in the NPN database, including detailed information for each, filtered by the phenophase ID.

npn_pheno_classes 27

npn_pheno_classes

Get Pheno Classes

Description

Gets information about all pheno classes, which are a higher-level order of phenophases.

Usage

```
npn_pheno_classes(...)
```

Arguments

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame listing the pheno classes in the NPN database.

npn_set_env

Set Environment

Description

By default this library will call the NPN's production services but in some cases it's preferable to access the development web services so this function allows for manually setting the web service endpoints to use DEV instead. Just pass in "dev" to this function to change the endpoints to use.

Usage

```
npn_set_env(env = "ops")
```

Arguments

env

The environment to use. Should be "ops" or "dev"

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Species	
-	

Description

Returns a complete list of all species information of species represented in the NPN database.

Returns information about a species based on the NPN's unique ID for that species

Search for species by state

Search NPN species information using a number of different parameters, which can be used in conjunction with one another, including: - Species on which a particular group or groups are actually collecting data - What species were observed in a given date range - What species were observed at a particular station or stations

Usage

```
npn_species(...)
npn_species_id(ids, ...)
npn_species_state(state, kingdom = NULL, ...)
npn_species_search(
  network = NULL,
   start_date = NULL,
  end_date = NULL,
  station_id = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

• • •	Curl options passed on to GET
ids	List of species ids for which to retrieve information
state	A US postal state code to filter results.
kingdom	Filters results by taxonomic kingdom. Takes either 'Animalia' or 'Plantae'.
network	filter species based on a list of unique identifiers of NPN groups that are actually observing data on the species. Takes a list of IDs
start_date	filter species by date observed. This sets the start date of the date range and must be used in conjunction with end_date
end_date	filter species by date observed. This sets the end date of the date range and must be used in conjunction with start_date
station_id	filter species by a list of unique site identifiers

npn_species_types 29

Value

A data frame with information on species in the NPN database and their IDs.

A data frame with information on species in the NPN database and their IDs, filtered by the species ID parameter.

A data frame with information on species in the NPN database whose distribution includes a given state

A data frame with information on species in the NPN database filtered by partner group, dates and station/site IDs.

Examples

```
## Not run:
npn_species()
npn_species_id(ids = 3)

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
npn_species_state(state = "AZ")
npn_species_state(state = "AZ", kingdom = "Plantae")

## End(Not run)
```

npn_species_types

Get Species Types

Description

Return all plant or animal functional types used in the NPN database.

Usage

```
npn_species_types(kingdom = "Plantae", ...)
```

Arguments

kingdom

The kingdom for which to return functional types; either 'Animalia' or 'Plan-

tae'. Defaults to Plantae.

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame with a list of the functional types used in the NPN database, filtered by the specified kingdom.

npn_stations

Get Station Data

Description

Get a list of all stations, optionally filtered by state

Usage

```
npn_stations(state_code = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

state_code

The postal code of the US state by which to filter the results returned. Leave

empty to get all stations.

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame with stations' latitude and longitude, names, and ids.

Examples

```
## Not run:
npn_stations()
npn_stations('AZ')
## End(Not run)
```

```
npn_stations_by_location
```

Get station data based on a WKT defined geography.

Description

Takes a Well-Known Text based geography as input and returns data for all stations, including unique IDs, within that boundary.

Usage

```
npn_stations_by_location(wkt, ...)
```

Arguments

wkt Required field specifying the WKT geography to use.

... Curl options passed on to GET

npn_stations_by_state 31

Value

A data frame listing stations filtered based on the WKT geography.

Examples

```
## Not run:
head( npn_stations_by_state(wkt="POLYGON((
    -110.94484396954107 32.23623109416672,-110.96166678448247 32.23594069208043,
    -110.95960684795904 32.21328646993733,-110.94244071026372 32.21343170728929,
    -110.93935080547857 32.23216538049456,-110.94484396954107 32.23623109416672))")
## End(Not run)
```

Description

Get number of stations by state.

Usage

```
npn_stations_by_state(...)
```

Arguments

... Curl options passed on to GET

Value

A data frame listing stations by state.

Examples

```
## Not run:
head( npn_stations_by_state() )
## End(Not run)
```

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```
npn_stations_with_spp Get Stations with Species
```

Description

Get a list of all stations which have an individual whom is a member of a set of species.

Usage

```
npn_stations_with_spp(speciesid, ...)
```

Arguments

```
speciesid Required. Species id numbers, from 1 to infinity, potentially, use e.g., c(52, 53, etc.) if more than one species desired (numeric).

Curl options passed on to GET
```

Value

A data frame with stations' latitude and longitude, names, and ids.

Examples

```
## Not run:
npn_stations_with_spp(speciesid = c(52,53,54))
npn_stations_with_spp(speciesid = 53)
## End(Not run)
```

rnpn-defunct

Defunct functions in rnpn

Description

```
• npn_obsspbyday: Removed.
```

• npn_allobssp: Removed.

• npn_indspatstations: Removed.

• npn_indsatstations: Removed.

 $\bullet \ \ \, \mathsf{npn_stationsbystate} \colon Removed.$

• npn_stationswithspp: Removed.

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